PHILLIP A. TALBERT 1 United States Attorney MIRIAM R. HINMAN 2 Assistant United States Attorney 501 I Street, Suite 10-100 3 Sacramento, CA 95814 Telephone: (916) 554-2700 4 Facsimile: (916) 554-2900 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff United States of America 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 GAL YIFRACH, NICK SHKOLNIK. aka Nickita Shkolnik, 14 SHALOM IFRAH, and 15 ROSENFELD, 16 17 18 19 20

**FILED** Mar 03, 2022 CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

#### EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

V.

SCHNEUR ZALMAN GETZEL

Defendants.

CASE NO.

2:22-cr-0046 TLN

18 U.S.C. § 1955(a) – Conducting an Illegal Gambling Business; 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) – Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering (2 counts); 18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C) and 982(a)(1), 18 U.S.C. § 1955(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) – Criminal Forfeiture

#### INDICTMENT

COUNT ONE: [18 U.S.C. § 1955(a) – Conducting an Illegal Gambling Business]

The Grand Jury charges: T H A T

#### GAL YIFRACH, and NICK SHKOLNIK,

defendants herein, beginning no later than in or about January 2018, and continuously thereafter through in or about January 2022, in the State and Eastern District of California, did conduct, manage, supervise, and direct all or part of an illegal gambling business, to wit, a gambling business involving supplying, operating, and maintaining video slot machines and devices and involving receiving, holding, and forwarding money to be staked, pledged, bet, and wagered upon the result of a contest and contingent

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event, in violation of the laws of the State of California, to wit, California Penal Code §§ 330b and 337a(a)(3), and which involved five or more persons who conducted, financed, managed, supervised, directed, and owned all or part of said illegal gambling business, and which remained in substantially continuous operation for a period in excess of thirty days and had gross revenue of \$2,000.00 in any single day, all in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 2 and 1955(a).

COUNT TWO: [18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) - Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering]

The Grand Jury further charges: THAT

GAL YIFRACH, and SHALOM IFRAH,

defendants herein, as follows:

#### I. INTRODUCTION

At all times relevant to this Indictment:

- 1. GAL YIFRACH was an individual residing in Los Angeles, California.
- 2. SHALOM IFRAH was an individual residing in Los Angeles, California.
- 3. NICK SHKOLNIK was an individual residing in Van Nuys and Los Angeles, California.
- 4. YOSEF YITZCHAK BESHARI, charged elsewhere, was an individual residing in Los Angeles, Van Nuys, and North Hollywood, California.
  - 5. Individual 6 resided in Beverly Hills and Los Angeles, California.
  - 6. CORPORATION 3 was a corporation registered in Van Nuys, California.
  - 7. CORPORATION 4 was a corporation registered in Los Angeles, California.
  - 8. CASINO 1 was a casino located in Bell Gardens, California.
- 9. YIFRACH, SHKOLNIK, BESHARI, and others known and unknown to the grand jury conducted an illegal gambling business from various locations in the Eastern District of California and elsewhere. This business collected proceeds from its gambling operations, at least in part, in the form of cash.

#### II. THE CONSPIRACY

10. Beginning no later than in or about March 2018 and continuing through in or about July 2020, in the State and Eastern District of California and elsewhere, YIFRACH and IFRAH did

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knowingly combine, conspire, and agree with each other and with persons known and unknown to the Grand Jury to commit offenses against the United States in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956, to wit:

- to knowingly conduct and attempt to conduct financial transactions affecting interstate commerce and foreign commerce, which transactions involved the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, that is, conducting an illegal gambling business in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1955(a), knowing that the transactions were designed in whole or in part to conceal and disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, and that while conducting and attempting to conduct such financial transactions, knew that the property involved in the financial transactions represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(B)(i); and,
- to knowingly conduct and attempt to conduct financial transactions affecting b) interstate commerce and foreign commerce, which transactions involved the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, that is, conducting an illegal gambling business in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1955(a), knowing that the transactions were designed in whole or in part to avoid a transaction reporting requirement under Federal law, and that while conducting and attempting to conduct such financial transactions knew that the property involved in the financial transactions represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(B)(ii).

#### III. MANNER AND MEANS

The manner and means used to accomplish the objectives of the conspiracy included, among others, the following:

- 11. YIFRACH and other individuals acting at YIFRACH's direction, including SHKOLNIK and BESHARI, collected the cash proceeds of their illegal gambling business from various locations in the Eastern District of California and elsewhere, and they transported those cash proceeds to other locations in California.
  - 12. Individuals who had collected the cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business at

YIFRACH's direction, including SHKOLNIK and BESHARI, delivered such cash proceeds to YIFRACH and IFRAH.

- 13. YIFRACH and IFRAH used, caused to be used, and agreed to use multiple methods to exchange cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business for other items of value to conceal the fact that their income was derived from operating an illegal gambling business.
- 14. For example, as one method, YIFRACH and IFRAH provided, caused to be provided, and agreed to provide cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business to Individual 6 in exchange for checks from CORPORATION 3 and CORPORATION 4.
- 15. As another method, YIFRACH and IFRAH provided, caused to be provided, and agreed to provide cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business to individuals in exchange for casino chips. YIFRACH subsequently exchanged the casino chips for checks from the casino. YIFRACH deposited such casino checks into his bank account and used the funds to purchase real estate.
- 16. In addition, YIFRACH and IFRAH exchanged, caused to be exchanged, and agreed to exchange cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business in amounts of \$10,000 or less in exchange for cash in larger denominations from a bank, agreeing and intending that the amount of cash exchanged at one time be equal to or less than \$10,000 for the purpose of avoiding transaction reporting requirements.
- 17. YIFRACH and IFRAH frequently sent electronic messages to each other to coordinate the transactions.
- 18. For example, on or about March 4 and 5, 2018, YIFRACH and IFRAH discussed by electronic message taking money from BESHARI and from YIFRACH's drawer to exchange for checks totaling around \$10,800. On or about March 5, 2018, YIFRACH's JPMorgan Chase bank account ending in 9897 received five checks totaling \$10,893.47 from CORPORATION 3.
- 19. In another example, between on or about October 24 and October 27, 2018, YIFRACH and IFRAH discussed by electronic message taking money from BESHARI, SHKOLNIK, and YIFRACH's safe in order to give a total of \$150,000 to an individual in exchange for casino chips from CASINO 1. On or about November 28, 2018, YIFRACH exchanged \$200,500 in casino chips for two checks totaling \$200,500 from CASINO 1.
  - 20. In another example, on or about October 25, 2018, IFRAH informed YIFRACH by

electronic message that he could exchange only about "30" to \$100 bills because he could change only "10" in each bank without having a report, and YIFRACH agreed. Between on or about October 25 and October 27, 2018, IFRAH conducted multiple exchanges at banks where he exchanged exactly \$10,000 in smaller bills for larger bills.

21. In another example, on or about January 8, 2020, YIFRACH told IFRAH by electronic message that they needed to consult with someone about cleaning the cash, and IFRAH responded that it would be best to continue registering as an employee of a company and giving cash for checks.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(h).

COUNT THREE: [18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) - Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering]

The Grand Jury further charges: THAT

SCHNEUR ZALMAN GETZEL ROSENFELD,

defendant herein, as follows:

#### I. INTRODUCTION

At all times relevant to this Indictment:

- 22. SCHNEUR ZALMAN GETZEL ROSENFELD was an individual residing in Studio City, California, and Miami and Davie, Florida.
- 23. YOSEF YITZCHAK BESHARI, charged elsewhere, was an individual residing in Van Nuys and North Hollywood, California.
- 24. CORPORATION 1 was a corporation registered in Studio City, California, and owned and operated by ROSENFELD.
- 25. CORPORATION 2 served as the escrow company for BESHARI's purchase of a house in North Hollywood, California.
- 26. BESHARI, YIFRACH, SHKOLNIK, and others known and unknown to the grand jury conducted an illegal gambling business from various locations in the Eastern District of California and elsewhere. This business collected proceeds from its gambling operations, at least in part, in the form of cash.

#### II. THE CONSPIRACY

27. From no later than in or about May 2019 through in or about January 2021, in the State

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and Eastern District of California and elsewhere, ROSENFELD and BESHARI did knowingly combine, conspire, and agree with each other and with persons known and unknown to the Grand Jury to commit offenses against the United States in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956, to wit: to knowingly conduct and attempt to conduct financial transactions affecting interstate and foreign commerce, such transactions involving the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, to wit, conducting an illegal gambling business in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1955(a), knowing that such transactions were designed in whole or in part to conceal and disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, and that while conducting and attempting to conduct such financial transactions knew that the property involved in the financial transactions represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(B)(i).

### III. MANNER AND MEANS

The manner and means used to accomplish the objectives of the conspiracy included, among others, the following:

- 28. BESHARI and other individuals collected the cash proceeds of their illegal gambling business from various locations in the Eastern District of California and elsewhere, and they transported those cash proceeds to other locations in California.
- 29. BESHARI retained some of the collected cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business as his salary and provided the remainder of the cash proceeds to other individuals involved in managing the illegal gambling business.
- 30. BESHARI gave cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business to ROSENFELD in exchange for various payments from ROSENFELD and his business, CORPORATION 1.
- 31. In exchange for cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business, ROSENFELD provided checks to BESHARI.
- 32. In exchange for cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business, ROSENFELD also caused CORPORATION 1 to make direct deposits to a bank account belonging to BESHARI.

  BESHARI obtained a mortgage to purchase a house in North Hollywood based on an application in which he stated that he was employed by CORPORATION 1, when in fact he was paying for his

purported salary with the proceeds of the illegal gambling business. ROSENFELD provided signed documents for that mortgage application falsely claiming that BESHARI was receiving a salary of \$11,000 per month as an employee of CORPORATION 1 and that he visited markets and smoke shops as part of his employment with CORPORATION 1.

- 33. In exchange for cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business, on or about August 5, 2020, ROSENFELD also made a wire transfer of \$150,000 to CORPORATION 2 for BESHARI's purchase of the house in North Hollywood. ROSENFELD provided a letter stating that the wire transfer of funds was a gift to BESHARI, when in fact the funds were provided in exchange for cash proceeds of the illegal gambling business.
- 34. ROSENFELD and BESHARI frequently sent electronic messages to each other to coordinate the transactions.
- 35. For example, on or about June 30, 2020, ROSENFELD told BESHARI by electronic message that for \$5500, BESHARI would need to give \$5960 to ROSENFELD and BESHARI would receive \$5025. On or about July 2, 2020, BESHARI's JPMorgan Chase bank account ending in 0362 received a direct deposit of \$5,024.25 from CORPORATION 1.
- 36. In another example, on or about July 27, 2020, BESHARI told ROSENFELD by electronic message that he was outside with the money.
- 37. In another example, on or about July 28, 2020, BESHARI sent to ROSENFELD an unsigned letter describing BESHARI's purported work for CORPORATION 1.
- All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(h).
- FORFEITURE ALLEGATION: [18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C) and 982(a)(1), 18 U.S.C. § 1955(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) Criminal Forfeiture]
- 1. Upon conviction of the offenses alleged in Counts One through Three of this Indictment, defendants GAL YIFRACH, NICK SHKOLNIK, SHALOM IFRAH, and SCHNEUR ZALMAN GETZEL ROSENFELD shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C), 982 (a)(1), 18 U.S.C. § 1955(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), all property, real and personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to such violations, and/or any property used or intended to be used, in

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- d. has substantially diminished in value; or
- e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty;

it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), incorporating 21 U.S.C. § 853(p), to seek forfeiture of any other property of defendants, up to the value of the property subject to forfeiture.

A TRUE BILL.

# /s/ Signature on file w/AUSA

**FOREPERSON** 

PHILLIP A. TALBERT United States Attorney

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#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Eastern District of California

Criminal Division

#### THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs.

GAL YIFRACH;NICK SHKOLNIK, aka Nickita Shkolnik;SHALOM IFRAH;SCHNEUR ZALMAN GETZEL ROSENFELD

#### <u>INDICTMENT</u>

VIOLATION(S): 18 U.S.C. § 1955(a) – Conducting an Illegal Gambling Business; 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) – Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering (2 counts); 18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C) and 982(a)(1), 18 U.S.C. § 1955(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) – Criminal Forfeiture

/s/ Signature on file w/AUSA		
	Foreman.	
Filed in open court this	3 day	
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	/s/N. Cannarozzi	
Bail, \$ No bail bench warran	nts to issue as to all defendants.	
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JEREMY D. PETERSON

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

#### United States v. Gal Yifrach, et al. **Penalties for Indictment**

**Defendants** 

GAL YIFRACH, NICK SHKOLNIK, SHALOM IFRAH, and SCHNEUR ZALMAN GETZEL ROSENFELD

**COUNT 1:** 

GAL YIFRACH, NICK SHKOLNIK

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. § 1955(a) – Conducting Illegal Gambling Business

PENALTIES:

A maximum of up to 5 years in prison; or

Fine of up to \$250,000; or both fine and imprisonment

Supervised release of up to 3 years

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT: \$100 (mandatory on each count)

COUNT 2:

GAL YIFRACH, SHALOM IFRAH

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) - Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering

PENALTIES:

Maximum of 20 years imprisonment, or

Fine of up to \$500,000, or twice the value of the monetary instrument or

funds involved, whichever is greater; Supervised release of three years

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT: \$100 (mandatory on each count)

COUNT 3:

SCHNEUR ZALMAN GETZEL ROSENFELD

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) – Conspiracy to Commit Money Laundering

PENALTIES:

Maximum of 20 years imprisonment, or

Fine of up to \$500,000, or twice the value of the monetary instrument or

funds involved, whichever is greater; Supervised release of three years

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT: \$100 (mandatory on each count)

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION: all Defendants

VIOLATION:

18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(C) and 982(a)(1), 18 U.S.C. § 1955(d) and 28

U.S.C. § 2461(c) - Criminal Forfeiture

PENALTIES:

As stated in the charging document